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Cerutti, Federico; Toniolo, Alice; Norman, Timothy J.; Bex, Floris; Rahwan, Iyad; Reed, Chris

Published in:

Computational Models of Argument - Proceedings of COMMA 2018

DOI:

[10.3233/978-1-61499-906-5-455](https://doi.org/10.3233/978-1-61499-906-5-455)

Publication date:

2018

Licence:

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Document Version

Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

[Link to publication in Discovery Research Portal](#)

Citation for published version (APA):

Cerutti, F., Toniolo, A., Norman, T. J., Bex, F., Rahwan, I., & Reed, C. (2018). AIF-EL - An OWL2-EL-compliant AIF ontology. In S. Modgil, K. Budzynska, J. Lawrence, & K. Budzynska (Eds.), *Computational Models of Argument - Proceedings of COMMA 2018* (Vol. 305, pp. 455-456). (Frontiers in Artificial Intelligence and Applications; Vol. 305). IOS Press. <https://doi.org/10.3233/978-1-61499-906-5-455>

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AIF-EL – An OWL2-EL-Compliant AIF Ontology

Federico CERUTTI^a, Alice TONIOLO^b, Timothy J. NORMAN^c,
Floris BEX^d, Iyad RAHWAN^e and Chris REED^f

^a Cardiff University, UK

^b University of St. Andrews, UK

^c University of Southampton, UK

^d University of Utrecht, NL

^e MIT, USA

^f University of Dundee, UK

Abstract. This paper briefly describes AIF-EL, an OWL2-EL compliant ontology for the Argument Interchange Format.

Keywords. argumentation, AIF, OWL2

1. The Argument Interchange Format and its Current OWL Version

The Argument Interchange Format (AIF) [1,4,3] is the current proposal for a standard notation for argument structures. It is based on a graph that specifies two types of nodes: information nodes (or I-nodes) and scheme nodes (or S-nodes). These are represented by two disjoint sets, $\mathcal{N}_I \cup \mathcal{N}_S = \mathcal{N}$ and $\mathcal{N}_I \cap \mathcal{N}_S = \emptyset$, where information nodes represent claims, premises, data, etc., and scheme nodes capture the application of patterns of reasoning belonging to a set $\mathcal{S} = \mathcal{S}^R \cup \mathcal{S}^C \cup \mathcal{S}^P$, $\mathcal{S}^R \cap \mathcal{S}^C = \mathcal{S}^C \cap \mathcal{S}^P = \mathcal{S}^P \cap \mathcal{S}^R = \emptyset$. Reasoning patterns can be of three types: rule of inference \mathcal{S}^R ; criteria of preference \mathcal{S}^P ; and criteria of conflicts \mathcal{S}^C .

The relation $\text{fulfils} \subseteq \mathcal{N}_S \times \mathcal{S}$ expresses that a scheme node instantiates a particular scheme. Scheme nodes, moreover, can be one of three types: rule of inference application nodes \mathcal{N}_S^{RA} ; preference application nodes \mathcal{N}_S^{PA} ; or conflict application nodes \mathcal{N}_S^{CA} , with $\mathcal{S} = \mathcal{N}_S^{RA} \cup \mathcal{N}_S^{PA} \cup \mathcal{N}_S^{CA}$, and $\mathcal{N}_S^{RA} \cap \mathcal{N}_S^{PA} = \mathcal{N}_S^{PA} \cap \mathcal{N}_S^{CA} = \mathcal{N}_S^{CA} \cap \mathcal{N}_S^{RA} = \emptyset$.

Nodes are connected by edges whose semantics is implicitly defined by their use. For instance, an information node connected to a RA scheme node, with the arrow terminating in the latter, would suggest that the information node serves as a premise for the inference rule.

In 2012 an OWL version of the AIF was released¹ and, to date, it is the only version available. However, the OWL profile checker² reports 4 errors due

¹<http://www.arg.dundee.ac.uk/wp-content/uploads/AIF.owl> (on 13 Apr 2018)

²<https://github.com/stain/profilechecker> (on 13 Apr 2018)

to illegal redeclaration of entities, where the same URI is used both for a Data Property and an Annotation Property [2]. In addition, when checked against the OWL2 profiles, it returns 277 violations for OWL2-EL profile.

2. AIF-EL

AIF-EL³ is a fully OWL2-EL [5] compliant version derived from the previous AIF OWL version. The OWL 2 EL profile is designed as a subset of OWL 2 that is particularly suitable for applications employing ontologies that define very large numbers of classes and/or properties; captures the expressive power used by many such ontologies; and for which ontology consistency, class expression subsumption, and instance checking can be decided in polynomial time. In addition, some commercial triple stores systems come equipped with an OWL2-EL reasoner.

In this version we solved the issues behind all the violations mentioned above: redefinitions between annotation properties and data properties have been unified into data properties to enable reasoners to properly handle them; cardinality requirements on object properties have been removed, as they raise the complexity of reasoning activities; removal of universal quantification in defining classes, but adding such pieces of information to the definition of the range of the object properties, notably `hasException_desc` and `hasPresumption_desc`.

Moreover, there has been the need to remove all the disjunctions used in the definition of the various classes. The notable examples are `Scheme_Application` `or` `Statement` that becomes `Node`; `NegativeConsequences_Inference` `or` `PositiveConsequences_Inference` `or` `PracticalReasoning_Inference` that becomes `Consequential_Inference`; and `ExpertOpinion_Inference` `or` `PositionToKnow_Inference` that require the definition of a new superclass, namely `Testimony_Inference`.

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³<https://osf.io/rhjcb/download> (on 13 Apr 2018). Released under CC-BYv4. Demonstration available at <http://www.visualdataweb.de/webvowl/#iri=https://osf.io/rhjcb/download> (on 28 Jun 2018).